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EURO/ LATIN-AMERICAN DIALOG ON PUBLIC POLICIES

EUROsociAL

Supporting policies, connecting institutions, working for social cohesion



our world our dignity our future

WHAT IS EUROsociAL+?

EUROsociAL+ is a cooperation programme between Latin America and the European Union which seeks to contribute to improving social cohesion in Latin American countries, as well as to institutional strengthening through support to their processes for the design, reform and implementation of public policies. It focusses its action on the areas of gender, governance and social policy.

This is a programme, funded by the European Commission, which for the past 10 years has been providing a space for peer-to-peer learning and experience exchange between counterpart institutions of the two regions, favouring the use of a broad catalogue of tools relevant to each process.

Through an inclusive and multidimensional understanding of social cohesion, centred around the concept of welfare based on equal opportunity, a sense of belonging and solidarity, EUROsociAL, in its two first phases, has contributed to the formulation and enhancement of public policies, institutional capacity building, and the establishment of important international commitments.

In this third phase (2016-2021), EUROsociAL+ intends to provide continuity to its policy mandate through follow-up of the processes started and the results obtained in previous years; furthermore, it intends to support new priorities of the Governments agenda, promoting the integration of the gender perspective in all its actions.

EUROsociAL+ focusses on the implications and effects that the design, formulation and implementation of public policies have on women and men, emphasizing the need for policies and programmes in all areas to address this focus in order to gradually contribute to reducing inequality and generate a positive impact on social cohesion.

In this phase, 18 countries of Latin America participate in EUROsociAL+: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay y Venezuela.

HOW IS ORIENTED?

EUROsociAL+ orients its action through three **working approaches**: demand, results and intersectorality.

The first of these approaches, demand, seeks to respect the existing reform agenda in each country, collaborating preferentially with the more strategic priorities on mid/ long-term priorities. Through this, the programme joins processes already set in motion for formulation and/or reform of the countries' public policies. In these processes, prioritization and technical-budgetary planning converge, and they often have, in addition to national impact, an influence on the regional or international agenda.

The results-oriented approach

supplies a management strategy centred around obtaining substantial and sustainable results in the policy reform processes being supported, providing expertise and the necessary support to ensure the quality of the public policies and their impact on social cohesion.

Lastly, through **intersectorality**, EUROsociAL+ aims to create a comprehensive, inter-agency and multidisciplinary approach that favours a holistic understanding of complex realities and problems.

POLICY AREAS

1. Gender Policies

a. Strengthening the national mechanisms for the promotion of women.

b. Promoting the application of a legal framework favourable to gender equality.

c. Increasing the capacity and knowledge of the institutions regarding the cross-cutting nature of the gender perspective in diverse sectoral policies.

d. Improving the use of data and gender indicators and monitoring public spending related to gender equality.

2. Governance Policies

a. Prevention of violence and social reintegration.

b. Access to justice.

c. Good governance: transparency, access to information and the fight against corruption.

d. Public finances.

e. Regional development.

3. Social Policies

a. Structural reforms related to social protection, immigration and active employment policies.

b. Strengthening of social sector institutions.

c. Anti-poverty strategies.



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Social cohesion is one of the strategic priorities of the partnership between the European Union and Latin America and the Caribbean, originating from the bi-regional Summits and highlighted from the Declaration of Guadalajara in 2004 to the latest of Brussels in 2015. EUROsociAL aims to consolidate a space for European and Latin American dialogue on public policies around social cohesion.



Consortium led by









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