



Action plan 2022 > 2030

ECOWAS Regional Climate Strategy

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1. Adaptation section

2. Mitigation section

3.

Transversal means of implementation section





EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
AGRICULTURE, LIVESTO	CK FARMING, FISHERIES			
R1.A. The strategic and policy framework for regional agricultural action is becoming resilient to climate change, taking gender-differentiated vulnerability into account R2.A. The promotion of climate-smart agriculture,, including agro-ecological practices, is supported	 Continue efforts to integrate the impacts of climate change into the regional political and strategic framework for agriculture, taking into account gender-specific vulnerabilities, in particular on the renewal of the ECOWAP horizon of 2025 as well as in operational imple- mentation mechanisms. 	80,000	Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission	
	II. Integrate the climate change dimension into water resource management methods in the agriculture sector in the context of the irrigation programmes and strategies	60,000		Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission RAAF CILSS/Regional Centre Agrhymet WASCAL ECOWAS Gender Development Centre Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	III. Strengthen regional capabilities in research, modelling and risk mapping of diseases linked to climate change for improved prevention and management of impacts on the regional scale, in particular the action of the Regional Animal Health Centre (RAHC) in a "One Health" approach, notably through the Epidemiological Surveillance (RESEPI) and the Network of Veterinary Laboratories (RESOLAB).	500,000		
	IV. Promoting climate resilient capacity in the agricultural sector within the Member States, taking into account the varying vulnerabilities in relation to gender by the sharing of good practices and experiences and political dialogue on the national version of the climate objectives in relation to agriculture	500,000		
	V. Strengthen south-south cooperation to promote the sharing and scaling up of climate technologies including endogenous solutions	500,000		
	I. Launching the steering, monitoring and implementation mechanisms of the West African Alliance for CSA (WAACSA).	100,000		
	II. Capitalising on the many agro-ecological and more broadly climate-smart agriculture demonstration projects for documenting the real impact of practices, particularly homegrown ones, and innovations in terms of adaptation and gender to inform decisions and optimise the scaling results.	300,000		



EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
	III. Encouraging the implementation of training programmes on documented practices and innovations.	250,000		
	IV. Expanding the mobilisation of the resources for CSAwith ambitious targets on all scales, via WAICSA and FRAA.	200,000		
	V. Supporting the development of insurance plans against the impacts of climate change for farmers and stock farmers in order to compensate production losses.	250,000	Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission Commission Environm Resource ECOWAS CILSS/R W ECOV Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission Members focal poin sectora Region umbrellas organisar farmers' and region and region and region and region and region are sectora.	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission RAAF CILSS/Regional Centre Agrhymet WASCAL ECOWAS Gender Development Centre Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society
R3.A. The resilience of pastoralism to climate change is strengthened and conflicts mitigated	I. Integrating resilience actions against climate change taking into account the differing vulnerabilities linked to gender in the new action plan for the development and transformation of education in the ECOWAS states, subsequent to the 2011-2020 plan.	60,000		
	II. Strengthening regional dialogue on pastoralism between regional institutions, Member States, neighbouring States and pastoral producer organisations to develop the regio- nal strategic and policy framework in line with the impacts of climate change to prevent conflicts concerning access to resources.	75,000		
	III. Defining a regional pastoral development plan focusing on cross-border areas that takes the impacts of climate change into account in the sizing of infrastructures (including corridors) for appropriate transhumance.	100,000		
	IV. Supporting the emergence and adoption of insurance products linked to climate change suited to pastoral breeders.	200,000		organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	V. Promote sectors related to pastoralism, such as the dairy sector in connection with the Regional offensive for the promotion of local milk value chains in West Africa (2020), in or- der to promote the economic diversification of households and the employability of women and young people (in connection with the Strategy to support the employability of young people in the agro-sylvo-pastoral and fisheries sector in the ECOWAS region (2019)), and in particular in connection with the development of mechanisms for access to energy services (mitigation co-benefit).	250,000		

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
R4.A. Food crises linked to climate change are better anticipated and managed and the regional food storage system is strengthened as a whole	I. Integrating the challenges associated with climate change in the storage policy of food security, as well as in the second phase of implementation of the RFSR, particularly for adapting the objectives and the dimensioning, the operational methods, (local stocks, insurance mechanisms, etc.) and the trigger mechanisms, taking gender issues into account.	75,000		
	II. Reinforcing the support in the second operational phase of the RFSR, made more sensitive to the impacts of climate change, including in relation to its procurement, its storage objectives and operational methods.	100,000		Directorate of
	III. Developing, in consultation with the Agrhymet Regional Centre, the regional information system to allow data on prevention, early warning and response to climatic crises to be integrated with the operations of the ECOWARN Observation and Monitoring Centre and the "Cadre Harmonisé" ("Harmonised Framework") of the RFSR.	500,000	Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission	Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission RAAF CILSS/Regional Centre Agrhymet WASCAL ECOWAS Gender Development Centre Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	IV. Strengthening internal and external advocacy for the in-house development and unifor- mity at regional level of the response mechanism to food crises linked to climate change in accordance with ECOWAS' mandate to maintain regional solidarity and stability.	80,000		
R5.A. The promotion of resilient fisheries and aquaculture systems that are less vulnerable to climate change is being supported (see RE 6.1 of	 Guiding research in order to deepen understanding of the vulnerability of communities that depend on fish and shared ecosystems and determining the potential impact of climate change and the necessary capacity of communities that depend on fish to adapt to these impacts. 	600,000		
the CSDD PAD[1])	II. Developing innovative management and governance methods in order to improve the resilience of communities and ecosystems that are dependent on fish resources.	200,000		
	III. Improving fisheries and fish farming practices in compliance with the FAO Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries.	300,000		
	IV. Improving the adoption of practices that improve the resilience of fish farming systems (e.g. aquaculture, integrated breeding; selection of resilient strains; replacement of fi- sh-meal by plant proteins, etc.).	1,500,000		
	V. Improving the financing of research and of adapting to climate change in particular through the private sector in order to preserve both current and future production.	150,000		

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EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
ÉNERGIE				
R1.E. The regional strategic and policy framework for energy is adapted	I. Integrating the impacts of climate change on water resources in the energy sector particularly in the planning and management of hydroelectricity.	75,000		Directorate of Environment and Natural
to the impacts induced by climate change	II. Developing directives in conjunction with the ECOWAS master plan on development of regional production and electrical energy transportation implemented by the WAPP in order to include the means of taking into account climate change in the structuring of the regional energy market.	100,000		Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission Industry Directorate of ECOWAS Commission
	III. Promoting the development of standards for sizing water facilities in line with climate projections for long-term resilience of the production potential (by reinforcing collaboration among regional stakeholders such as the Commission, ECREEE, WAPP and the basin authorities).	150,000	Energy Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	Private Sector Directorate of ECOWAS Commission ECREEE Basin authorities (ABV, ABN, OMVG, OMVS) Members States (climate focal points and relevant
R2.E. The impacts of climate change on the supply of electricity are limited	I. Promoting the acceleration of the integration of the regional electricity supply system between countries for better management of production losses linked to climate change and water resources.	1,000,000		
	II. Encouraging the diversification of renewable production sources fed into national grids and the integrated regional grid, as well as storage technologies, to favour the continuity of supply in the event of major impacts linked to climate change.	2,500,000		sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations and
	III. Promoting the development of mini autonomous networks and of individual solar applications for increasing the security of the electricity supply.	1,500,000		regional private sector platforms
MILIEUX, ÉCOSYSTÈMES	NATURELS ET BIODIVERSITÉ			
R1.F. The resilience of natural ecosystems, particularly forests, to the impacts of climate change has been	Encouraging the drafting and implementation of actions to for forest protection and bush- fire prevention and control.	200,000		
strengthened and the biodiversity to which they are home is protected	II. Promoting the introduction or reintroduction of species resistant to new climatic conditions in reforestation and biodiversity preservation programmes.	500,000		

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
	III. Deploying biodiversity conservation actions in connection with the Post-2020 Global Bio- diversity Framework and developing a regulatory framework for these actions.	1,000,000		
	IV. Developing a connectivity plan for cross-border protected areas to facilitate the climate-related migration of species and thus their resilience.	150,000		Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission
	V. Supporting the conservation of mangroves in order to favour ecosystem services.	250,000		RAAF CILSS/AGRHYMET Regional Centre WASCAL Basin authorities (ABV, ABN, OMVG, OMVS) RCU (Regional Coordination Unit) ECOWAS – UEMOA – ECOTOUR 19-29 NUs (National Units) (State, private sector and local communities) / ECOTOUR 19-29 Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)
	VI. Promote the development of non-wood forest product chains	300,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission Directorate in charge of tourism of ECOWAS Commission	
R2.F. The West Africa regional observatory of natural resources of Fouta Djalon mountain is strengthened	I. Studying the adaptation of forest ecosystems and the results in terms of resilience of biophysical systems and socio-economic co-benefits with a focus on women and young people.	600,000		
and allows rigorous and coordi- nated monitoring of the main na- tural resources taking account cli- mate change impacts	II. Documenting the value of West African ecosystem services, advocating their conservation and their value in adapting to climate change.	300,000		
	III. Provide scientific data facilitating the drafting of national biodiversity conservation plans of Member States within the Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework.	250,000		
	IV. Ensure synergies and efficient collaboration with the Water Resources Observatory (WRO) through a specific Memorandum of Understanding to share data on water resources and climate change.	250,000		
R3. F. The development of ecotourism is favoured at the regional level and specific support is given to Member States for the development of their ecotourism strategy integrating climate change	I. Integrate climate change into the ECOWAS regional policy on tourism (and its action plan).	100,000		Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms
	II. Support Member States in developing strategies that are dedicated to ecotourism and resilient to climate change.	1,500,000		F-3-3-1115

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EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
WATER RESOURCES				
R1.RE. Knowledge of water resources and the impacts of climate change has	I. Promote research into the impacts of climate change (modelling of impacts on the water sector/groundwater and surface water).	1,000,000		
been successfully increased in the context of the Regional Water Observatory	II. Reinforce basic knowledge of underground and surface water: availability, quantity and quality relative to future needs of the region (socio-demographic trends and current and future impacts of climate change).	1,000,000		
	III. Consolidation of knowledge obtained from the Regional Water Observatory and strengthening of the capabilities of the Observatory of basin authorities (OMVS, OMVG, ABN, ABV, ABM, MRU) and the existing information systems (PREE, PARIIS, early warning) and making the information available at the regional level to Member States and all the actors involved in the water sector	500,000	Regional Water Resources Management Center of ECOWAS	Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission RAAF CILSS/AGRHYMET Regional Centre WASCAL Basin authorities (ABV, ABN, OMVG, OMVS) Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society
R2.RE. The operationalisation of integrated water resource management, in-	I. Improving the management framework of cross-border water resources thanks to the promotion of cooperation with a view to reducing tension between States.	250,000		
cluding the impacts of climate change at the regional level has been reinforced and the Member	II. Update ECOWAS' WAWRP by integrating climate impacts and risks and finalise the strategic plan for 2020-2030	75,000		
States are being supported in their IWRM processes	III. Support regional bodies and countries in integrating adaptation to climate change into their water management policies and support them in developing and strengthening their IWRM strategies by effectively integrating climate change	1,750,000		
	IV. Strengthening Capacity building of stakeholders on climate change adaptation planning and capacity building of basin organisations (OMVS, OMVG, NBA, ABV, ABM, MRU) and existing information systems (PREE, PARIIS, Early Warning) in line with the WRMC capacity building plan	500,000		
	V. Ensure promotion of the Water-Environment-Agriculture-Energy Nexus	50,000		organisations and regional private sector
R3.RE. Synergies with the risk and disaster management sector have been maximised, particularly as regards the risk of floods, taking account of the current and future impact of cli-	I. Develop a MoU between the WRMC and the Humanitarian and the Directorate of Humanitarian and Social Affairs	30,000		platforms
	II. Ensure the sharing of information and collaboration among the relevant ECOWAS departments	50,000		
mate change	III. Develop an EWS for the risk of flooding	1,500,000		

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EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
R4.RE. Institutional dialogue at regional level with the various basin operators and regional institutions has been strengthened	I. Initiate and coordinate the setting up of a system of coordination and collaboration among the various basin authorities (ABN, ABV, OMVG and OMVS) and regional institutions (Agrhymet, WASCAL) to favour dialogue and the sharing of information	500,000		
TRANSPORT AND MOBILI	тү			
R1.T. The strategic and policy framework of regional action concerning trans-	I. Carry out a study on the overall climate vulnerability of the transport and mobility sector	1,000,000		
port infrastructures is becoming progressively more resilient to climate change	II. Including the adaptation issues in the ECOWAS Master Plan for the development of regional infrastructures 2020-2045 as well as the ongoing feasibility studies.	75,000	Transport Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission ECOWAS PPDU (Projects Preparation & Development Unit) Energy Directorate of ECOWAS Commission ECREEE Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)
	III. Forming the strategic environmental assessment of the Master Plan for the development of regional infrastructure.	100,000		
	IV. Developing and systematising the use of tools for evaluating environmental impact taking into account climate change in the studies and the performance of infrastructural projects for the Commission.	75,000		
	V. Develop standards and guarantees specific to the Commission for the implementation of the regional projects for which it is responsible.	100,000		
R2.T. Climate change resilience measures in the transport infrastructure sector within Member States are	Creating and coordinating a multi-party dialogue platform on transport infrastructure resilience in West Africa to share good practices with a view to regional harmonisation.	1,000,000		
promoted with a view to their application	II. Developing guidelines on climate-related standards and guarantees in the development of transport infrastructures for Member States.	250,000		Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector
	III. Supporting Member States in transposing directives to national law.	1,500,000		platforms
	IV. Encouraging EBID and WADB to adopt climate-compatible constraints in the prerequisites of infrastructure projects subject to financing.	150,000		

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED		
	V. Sharing West African good practices in terms of infrastructure resilience resulting from the regional regulatory framework in coalitions of technical and financial partners active in the region in order to harmonise measures.	500,000	Transport Directorate of ECOWAS			
	VI. Calling for environmental audits of transport infrastructure projects subject to climate risks	250,000	Commission			
COASTAL ZONES						
R1.ZC. Knowledge of evaluation of the impact of the rise in sea levels on the West African coast and on extreme events and their consequences by	Carrying out the studies needed to improve knowledge of the impact of rising sea levels and extreme events in West Africa	5,000,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)	UEMOA ORLOA		
events and their consequences by 2050 has improved (in collabora- tion with ORLOA)	II. Support the implementation and operationalisation of ORLOA to allow new information from studies on rising sea levels and extreme events to be made available	1,500,000		CILSS/AGRHYMET Regional Centre WASCAL WACA / World Bank National focal points of Member States designated in the framework of the UNCAC		
R2. ZC. A regional governance framework based on the ICZM for a coastal and the local framework based on the ICZM for a coastal and the local framework based on the ICZM for a coastal and the ICZM for a coasta	I. Prepare a regional ICZM strategy integrating the climate dimension at the level of ECOWAS accompanied by an action plan for adaptation for the West African coastal area	300,000				
tal zone that is resilient to climate change has been drawn up	II. Support Member States in executing national ICZM strategies integrating the climate dimension	2,000,000				
	III. Favour dialogue and collaboration among the various institutions of the region (UEMOA, CILSS, WASCAL, ORLOA)	200,000		Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)		
CLIMATE SERVICES, DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT, EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS AND HUMAN MOBILITY						
R1. SC/GRC The implementation of the Hydromet Initiative as the strategic	I. Support the financial and institutional implementation plan for the Hydromet Initiative	5,000,000				
framework for climate services at ECOWAS level has been completed	II. Favour the strengthening of actors' capabilities necessary for the effective implementation of the Hydromet Initiative	1,000,000				



EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED			
R2. SC/GRC A collaboration framework for the various regional institutions with competence in the areas of climate services and disaster risk management, and the relevant sectoral departments of ECOWAS, has been institutionalised	I. Initiate the setting up of a system of collaboration among the various regional institutions to favour the sharing of information.	250,000		Humanitarian and Social Affairs Directorate of ECOWAS Commission WASCAL EBID			
R3. SC/GRC The modernisation of the infrastructures of the NMHS via investments in the equipment necessary to put in place a robust observation	Draw up an investment plan for the improvement of the equipment necessary to put in place a robust observation network	100,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission CILSS / AGRHYMET Regional Centre	Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS	Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS New York Members States (focal points and resources sectoral focal points)	programme Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points, and
network for the region (preparation of an investment plan) are coordi- nated and provided as formulated by the Hydromet Initiative	II. Ensure the funding of this financing plan (internal and external resources)	75,000		meteo agencies) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations (including			
R4. SC/GRC The durability of the digital library of good adaptation and mitigation practices in the agricultural sector (in the process of being prepared in the context of the GCCA+West Africa) is assured	I. Arrange the medium and long term financing of the digital library of good practices for adaptation and mitigation in the agricultural sector	3,000,000		farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms			
	II. Allow efficient coordination of the digital library of good practices for adaptation and mitigation in the agricultural sector	2,000,000		National Meteorological and Hydrological Services Directorate			
R5. SC/GRC ECOWAS' next action plan under the risk and disaster management strategy integrates adaptation	I. Favour synergies between adaptation and DRM in the next review of the action plan for the ECOWAS management strategy for risks and disasters in accordance with the recommendations of the UNDRR	150,000	Humanitarian and Social Affairs				
more forcibly and favours synergies between adaptation and DRM, organised around the four priorities of the Sendai framework	II. Strengthen the capabilities of the actors in the DHSA as regards the climate change dimension (including Losses and Damages) and its articulation with DRM	250,000	Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission				
	III. Strengthen synergies of action between DRM actors, climate change and the SDGs by considering the institutionalisation of community-based sustainable disaster risk mana- gement and the sharing of good practices to contribute to the Sendai framework.	150,000	Direction of Free movement of ECOWAS Commission				

R.S. SC/GRC Coordination among the regional institutions is assured, to favour the setting up of EWSs in the Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Producing space-time analyses in order to measure the emergence of foci of human mobility insign dialogues strengthened by building on existing dialogues structures (rotably MIDWA) and a legal framework is defined defined in the sealing up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA III. Promote coordination within ECOWAS between the DENR, the DHSA and the Free Movement Directorate III. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported III. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy in the interpretation of human mobility in National Communication) III. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) III. Support MS in integrating human mobility in the inclimate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication	EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED	
EWSs at the level of each Member States II. Support the development of EWSs in Member States II. Support the development of EWSs in Member States II. Support the development of EWSs in Member States III. Producing space-time analyses in order to measure the emergence of foci of human mobility related to climate change is strengthened by building on existing dialoque structures (notationally MIDWA) and a legal framework is defined III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states IV. Ensure the operationalisation of MIDWA III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states IV. Ensure the operationalisation of MIDWA III. Promote coordination within ECOWAS between the DENR, the DHSA and the Free Mowement Directorate III. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported III. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy organisations and national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation	Coordination among the regional institutions is assured, to favour the		250,000			
Regional cooperation on human mobility related to climate change is strengthened by building on existing dialogue structures (notably MIDWA) and a legal framework is defined II. Strengthening partnerships for development, humanitarian aid and peace in order to take advantage of comparative advantages to meet the needs of migrants and recipient communities III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states IV. Ensure the operationalisation of MIDWA R8.SC/GRC The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported II. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS R9.SC/GRC Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national adaptation plans, national adinational communications of MIS is sensured.	EWSs at the level of each Member State	II. Support the development of EWSs in Member States	1,500,000		Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of	
III. Strengthening partnerships for development, humanitarian aid and peace in order to take advantage of comparative advantages to meet the needs of migrants and recipient communities III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states IV. Ensure the operationalisation of MIDWA R8.SC/GRC The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported III. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS R9.SC/GRC Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national communications of MS is appared. III. Strengthening partnerships for development, humanitarian aid and peace in order to take advantage of comparative advantages to meet the needs of migrants and recipient communication. PRegional Centre Regional Centre NASCAL Drainage basin bodies Members States (climate focal points, and focal points, and relevant of ECOWAS Commission III. Promote coordination within ECOWAS between the DENR, the DHSA and the Free Movement of ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS Regional Platforms / umbrelator of communication of the ECOWAS Migration Policy organisations (including farmers' organisations) III. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human undications of MS is advantage of comparative advantages to meet the needs of migrate change in the process of managing climate change in the process of managing climate change-real agon, and organisations (DR). III. Strengthen the escaling up or re	Regional cooperation on human mobility related to climate change		300,000	and Social Affairs Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission Direction of Free movement of ECOWAS		WRMC/CGRE
III. Promote the scaling up or replication of good practices in managing climate change-related migration among member states IV. Ensure the operationalisation of MIDWA RR.SC/GRC The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported II. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS R9.SC/GRC Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national communications of MS is appared. III. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on hu- Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission Point price movement of ECOWAS Commission Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission Free movement of ECOWAS Commission Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission Directorate (DHSA) of ECOWAS Commission Free movement of ECOWAS Commission It promote the scaling up or replication of MIDWA The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported II. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms Sectoral focal points, and meteo agencies) Regional private sectoral focal points, and meteo agencies) Regional private sectoral focal points, and meteo agencies) In Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on hu-	ting dialogue structures (notably MIDWA) and a legal framework is	advantage of comparative advantages to meet the needs of migrants and recipient com-	200,000		Regional Centre	
R8.SC/GRC The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is supported II. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS R9.SC/GRC Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national communications of MS is ensured. II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human for ECOWAS Detween the DENR, the DHSA and the Free Movement of ECOWAS Commission Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human for ECOWAS Migration Policy organisations (including farmers' organisations) Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human for Climate change on human for Climate change on human for ECOWAS Migration Policy organisations (including farmers' organisations (including farmers' organisations) Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations (including farmers' organisations) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communications)			300,000			
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II. Develop a joint roadmap to ensure the implementation of the ECOWAS Migration Policy (Pillar 7) in line with the RCS Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national communications of MS is ensured. II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication)	The implementation of Pillar 7 of the ECOWAS Migration Policy is		250,000		meteo agencies) Regional platforms /	
Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, nationally determined contributions and national communications of MS is ensured. I. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) I. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Support MS in integrating human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication) II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility in their climate policy document (NDC, NAP, National Communication)	Supported		100,000		farmers' organisations) and regional private	
national communications of MS is Beautred II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on hu-	Integration of human mobility into national adaptation plans, natio-		1,500,000		Directorate of Member	
man modility.	national communications of MS is	II. Strengthen the capacity of actors within the MS on the impact of climate change on human mobility.	500,000			

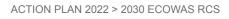
EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
HEALTH				
R1.S. A strategic framework and regional action policy on health, resilient	I. Integrate adaptation into strategic policy documents of the health sector.	100,000	Regional Centre for Disease Surveillance and Control (WAHO) of ECOWAS	
to climate change, have been developed, using the OneHealth approach	II. Set up a Climate Task Force within the WAHO.	150,000		Directorate of Environment ECOWAS Commission Humanitarian and Social Affairs Directorate of ECOWAS Commission Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) including national focal points within Member States designated in the framework of the UNCAC Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	III. Develop a procedure for strengthening the capabilities of WAHO employees as regards climate change and its impacts.	200,000		
R2.S. Knowledge of the impact of climate change on the health sector in West Africa and the means to mitigate its effects has been improved in line with the needs of the sector's strategic and policy framework R3.S. Gender-sensitive measures to increase resilience to climate change in the health sector in MS, particularly in terms of capacities of health infrastructures are being promoted with a view to their application	Promote research into the impacts of climate change on the health sector (including research on the evolution of the nutritional quality of food).	2,000,000		
	II. Favour the carrying out of studies on climate vulnerability of the health sector in the region.	1,500,000		
	III. Make information on the impacts of climate change on the health sector at the regional level available to Member States and all parties involved with the sector.	500,000		
	Support Member States in integrating the health sector into their NDCs	1,500,000		
	II. Support Member States in integrating adaptation into their national health policies	1,500,000		,

Total US\$ 63,185,000

Mitigation section

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
AGRICULTURE				
R6.A. At the regional institutional level, agri-forestry-pastoral projects that are explicitly promoting the relative	I. Initiating, on behalf of the Commission, agricultural projects that contribute to reductions on GHG emissions through suitable agricultural practices or carbon sequestration practices.	50,000		
reduction of GHG emissions are prioritised	II. Strengthening the political dialogue on the impact of agriculture on GHG emissions in the region with a view to aligning regional policies and NDCs and to encourage increased am- bition of Member States in the next NDC review cycles.	50,000		
	III. In line with the objectives of the energy sector, encouraging the establishment of energy efficiency standards in agricultural processing equipment, and promoting the use of renewable energies for the agri-food industry and encouraging short circuits limiting the transport of products.	900,000		Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission
	IV. Operationalising the regional programme for the restoration of degraded land.	1,350,000	Directorate of	RAAF WASCAL
R7.A. Scientific and technical dialogue on the impact of agriculture on GHG	I. Strengthening and disseminating common knowledge on agricultural practices that reduce GHG emissions.	65,000	Agriculture and Rural Development (DARD) of ECOWAS Commission	Members States (climate focal points and relevant
emissions in the region is strengthened and encouraged	II. Encouraging the implementation of training programmes on documented practices and innovations.	1,125,000		sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society
	III. Ensuring the financing of research programmes for a better understanding of the common impacts and of the adaptation of agricultural practices (CSA/4p1000) per agro-ecological zone, particularly via the documentation of impacts on the regional restoration programme for degraded land.	1,500,000		organisations (including farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	IV. Support research programmes to determine consensually the impacts on mitigation of GHG emissions of the various kinds of livestock farming in the various agro-ecological zones of West Africa	1,500,000		
	V. Support the development of standards for estimating GHG emissions from livestock suited to the West African context	150,000		

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
FOREST AND OTHER LAN	ID USE			
R4.F. Sustainable management of forest resources is being improved and forest cover, including grass lands,	 Improving forest management and development plans, so as to allow countries to better understand the real level of productivity of their forest on the basis of complete and accu- rate data. 	750,000		
increased	II. Supporting the establishment of afforestation/reforestation and restoration plans at different scales, including at community level, which integrate the carbon dimension and the recording of mitigation results, as well as the cross-border dimension	750,000		Directorate of Agriculture and Rural Development
	III. Supporting Member States in conducting national forest inventories	1,500,000		(DADR) of ECOWAS Commission RAAF
R5.F. Forestry and agricultural policies are better organised at regional and national level	Supporting a SMART approach for agriculture and the development of good agro-forestry practices.	500,000	Directorate of Environment and	WASCAL CILSS/Agrhymet
and national love	II. Enhancing the livelihoods of forest-dependent communities, with a focus on women and youth, and strengthening climate resilience.	300,000	Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)
	III. Protecting the cross border ecosystems that are of regional heritage value.	500,000		Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations (including
R6.F. Investments in favour of the sustainable management of forest ecosystems in ECOWAS countries	I. Encouraging an increase in investments supporting the forestry sector in the allocations granted under national budgets, explicitly establishing an appropriately targeted objective in each country in the new FCP, which will be fixed on the basis of a prior analysis of their capacities and needs for the management of forestry resources	300,000		farmers' organisations) and regional private sector platforms
	II. Recommending that at least 50% of the resources allocated to the operationalisation of the FCP be destined to activities on the ground in particular in trans-border forestry ecosystems ("the regional heritage allowance")	300,000		



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EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
R7.F. The fight against land degradation in the ECOWAS countries is encouraged and supported.	Encourage and support Member States in the implementation of plans and programmes to combat land degradation	750,000	Directorate of	
conteger and copposition	II. Define a regulatory framework for the fight against land degradation at regional level	80,000	Environment and Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	
	III. Encourage the development of a region-wide innovative financing mechanism for sustainable land management	100,000	Commission	
ENERGY				
R3.E. A dynamic promoting energy efficiency standards in buildings and industry taking account of climatic	Support the development of instruments to inform, raise awareness and regulate public and private actors, and civil society actors	750,000		Directorate of
conditions and changes in West Africa is supported	II. Promoting the adoption of financial incentive measures for the popularisation of energy efficiency and thermal comfort standards in buildings and industry.	750,000	Energy and Mines Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission
	III. Promoting regional and international cooperation with a view to harnessing innovative approaches and energy efficiency and thermal comfort technologies in buildings and industry.	100,000		Industry Directorate of ECOWAS Commission Private Sector Directorate of ECOWAS
R4.E. The ambition of the NDCs and the regional energy policy are harmonised	Defining a new regional energy policy in order to better meet the requirements of the evolving energy sector and the national long-term development challenges.	250,000		Commission
	II. Accelerating the implementation of the objectives of the EREP, the EEEP and the Gender Integration Policy in ECOWAS' access to energy by enhancing resources dedicated to technical support for MS.	450,000		Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)
	III. Initiating a review of the objectives of the EREP and the EEEP in the light of the NDC review cycles.	100,000		Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector
	IV. Assessing the carbon impact of the energy infrastructures of the master plan over their lifetime in order to prioritise the master plan's low-carbon infrastructures.	200,000		platforms

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED	
R5.E The utilisation of alternative and cleaner fuels has increased	Promoting low carbon footprint technologies for the production of clean fuel and combustible (bioethanol, biodiesel, low sulphur fuels, green hydrogen, etc.)	500,000			
	II. Encouraging the introduction of LPG-C and NGV and promoting their large-scale use	500,000			
	III. Promoting the use of LPG for more modern and cleaner domestic cooking	500,000		Directorate of Environment and Natural	
	IV. Supporting the production of clean electricity by valorising resources in natural gas, integrating energy from renewable sources and improved fossil fuel substitution	500,000		Resources (DENR) of ECOWAS Commission Industry Directorate of ECOWAS Commission Private Sector Directorate of ECOWAS Commission ECREEE Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society	
R6.E. Member States are supported by regional institutions in the implementation of their mitigation objectives in the energy sector	I. Strengthening the capacity of MS to monitor energy efficiency targets and to harmonise M&E methods, including, for the implementation of results-oriented data collection and evaluation, methods that favour breakdown by gender, age and socio-economic origin.	2,250,000	Energy and Mines Directorate of ECOWAS Commission		
	II. Leveraging additional climate finance for the implementation of national objectives.	1,000,000			
	III. Technically supporting Member States in the search for economically viable alternatives to the energy infrastructures, producing the highest level of emissions.	750,000			
	IV. Prioritising interconnection investments of the master plan's regional electrical system.	100,000		organisations and regional private sector platforms	
R7.E. Cooperation and technical and policy dialogue between Member States in energy matters is encouraged and supported in order to	I. Encouraging the creation of centres of excellence, for research and development in energy production technologies and energy efficiency, including those based on endogenous technological solutions	1,500,000			
speed up the achievement of the commitments	II. Giving priority to expertise and technology transfers between Member States in relation to energy efficiency and to renewable energy.	1,000,000			

ACTIO	ON PLAN	2022 >	2030	ECOWAS RCS	

2 > 2030 ECOWAS RCS	CEDERO
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EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
TRANSPORT AND MOBILI	тү			
R3.T. A regional development framework for low-carbon infrastructures is es-	I. Assessing the carbon impact of the master plan's transport infrastructures over their lifespan.	500,000		
tablished	II. Adopting a route map for the infrastructures and for low-carbon transport services in West Africa (for example a component "estimating GhG emissions and mtitigation" in the feasibility studies).	500,000		
	III. Defining the regulatory framework for facilitating the import of hybrid electric vehicles.	100,000		
R4.T. Carbon-based transports are gradually being replaced by more	Speeding up the implementation of energy efficiency standards in West African transport, prioritising value creation opportunities in the region.	DENR of ECOWAS Commission		
fuel-efficient means	II. Improving infrastructures and technology for promoting fuel savings.	500,000		Energy Directorate of ECOWAS Commission ECREEE & PPDU Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms / umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms
	III. Engaging in a political dialogue to prioritise financing for low-carbon infrastructures identified in the 2020-2045 master plan (railways)	100,000	Transport Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	
	IV. Engaging in technical dialogue and knowledge transfer on sustainable mobility in urban areas	100,000		
	V. Encouraging cooperation between Member States in the development of technical and organisational solutions	80,000		
	VI. Introduce tax policies based on CO2 emissions from vehicles or fuel economy	100,000		
	VII. Introducing non-fiscal measures aimed at supporting the introduction of zero emissions vehicles (ZEV)	100,000		
	VIII. Developing, eco-driving and other sustainable mobility infrastructures, including the improvement of sustainable non-motorised public transport.	250,000		

EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED
INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES	S AND PRODUCT USE			
R1.P. A global approach to ensure low-carbon development of the IPPU area has been adopted and	I. Engage in political and technical dialogue with all main parties, including manufacturers, suppliers, financial institutions and governments to promote the deployment of low-carbon technologies	100,000		Environment and Natural Resources Directorate (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission
is supported	II. Support the promotion of professional training and awareness-raising of industrials	1,000,000		Private Sector Directorate
	III. Directives and standards on clean, low-carbon production have been developed	100,000	Industry	National focal points of Member States
R2.P. The updating/refining and large-scale application of new technologies to ensure sustainable indus-	Support initiatives and programmes aimed at improving the efficient use of resources (e.g. water, energy, materials, etc.) and the reduction of non-energy GHG emissions.	250,000	Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	designated in the framework of the UNCAC
trial growth are supported	II. Good practices and technological innovations are tested, documented and disseminated	100,000		National sectoral focal points of the Member States in coordination
	III. The creation of an own regional production centre as a platform for exchange and strengthening capabilities is supported to favour the acquisition and transfer of technological innovations linked to climate.	3,000,000		with the sectoral directorates and agencies in charge of the industry sector
WASTE				
R1.D. Regional waste management policies, strategies and programmes are reviewed or designed to promote GHG emission reductions	Review existing regional waste policies, strategies and programmes (in particular the Environmental Action Plan 2020-2026) to explicitly include the climate dimension and ensure that they contribute to the GHG emission reduction targets set by Member States' NDCs	70,000		Directorate of Industry and Directorate of Private Sector of ECOWAS Commission
from this sector	II. Prioritise, on behalf of the Commission, waste management projects and programmes that contribute to the reduction of GHG emissions through appropriate techniques	50,000	Directorate of Environment and	Members States (climate focal points and relevant
R2.D. Technical and policy dialogue and cooperation between Member States on waste management is encouraged and supported to accelerate the achievement of national GHG reduction commitments.	I. Strengthen and disseminate common knowledge on waste management practices that reduce GHG emissions.	65,000	Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society
	II. Encourage the implementation of training programmes on documented practices and innovations.	300,000		organisations and regional private sector platforms



EXPECTED RESULTS	ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET IN USD	RESPONSIBLE	ACTORS INVOLVED	
	III. Develop guidelines and proposals for regional waste management norms and standards aimed at reducing GHG emissions	500,000		and Directorate Private Sector	Directorate of Industry and Directorate of Private Sector of ECOWAS Commission
R3.D. The promotion of regional norms, guidelines and standards to guide	I. Support the development of standards for estimating GHG emissions from the waste sector		Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources	Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/ umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms	
efforts to reduce methane and carbon dioxide emissions from the waste sector is supported.	II. Support the development of standards for estimating GHG emissions from the waste sector	300,000	(DERN) of ECOWAS Commission		
	III. Organise awareness raising and training on regional waste management guidelines and standards for public and private stakeholders in the 15 Member States.				

Total US\$ 32,135,000

Transversal means of implementation section

ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	STAKEHOLDERS
TRADE			
Integrating climate change considerations into ECOWAS trade policy and in discussions with the relevant international organisations in the sectors concerned with trade regulation	130,000	Trade Directorate of ECOWAS Commission	Directorate of Environment of ECOWAS Commission
- G			Stakeholders in the relevant trade agreements
Engage in negotiations of regional or bilateral agreements to facilitate access to technology transfers that support low-carbon and/or resilient development	550,000		International organisations involved
			Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)
Assess the environmental and climate impact of proposed trade measures	100,000		Regional platforms/umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms
PROMOTION OF THE PRIVATE SECTOR			
Integrate climate change issues, in terms of opportunities and risks, into the ongoing review process of the 2014 ECOWAS Private Sector Strategy	30,000	Direction en charge du secteur privé de la Commission de la CEDEAO	ne members States (climate focal points) and relevant sectoral focal points)
Intégrer les enjeux des changements climatiques dans l'agenda des discussions menées dans le cadre des réseaux d'échanges régionaux et internationaux impliquant les forces vives du secteur privé de l'Afrique de l'Ouest	30,000		
Promoting low-carbon and climate-resilient development among private sector actors (especially MSMEs)	750,000		
Establish a mechanism for raising awareness and capitalising on good practices in low-carbon and climate-resilient development dedicated to the private sector to ensure their scaling up in the West African region	100,000		
Encourage private sector-led innovation and R&D programmes to introduce new techniques and technologies to better capitalise on climate change opportunities (e.g. low-carbon development) or to address climate risks (e.g. by improving resilience)	3,000,000		

ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	STAKEHOLDERS		
Raise awareness and engage financial sector actors in the region to establish a roadmap for the promotion and development of climate finance in the West African region for the benefit of private sector actors (especially MSMEs)	100,000	Directorate for the Private Sector of ECOWAS Commission	Directorate for	Directorate for	Directorate of Environment of ECOWAS Commission
Engage in discussions with central banks and financial market actors in MS to progressively introduce the concepts of climate risks and opportunities into the risk management framework in order to build a more resilient financial system through climate-related disclosure. Indeed, addressing the financial impact of climate change requires increased transparency on climate-related risks and opportunities to promote more informed financial decision-making.	1,800,000		Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms		
SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, INNOVATION AND EDUCATION					
To take stock of existing frameworks and innovative approaches in MS for integrating climate change education, preparedness and response to climate-related disasters into the education systems of Member states	365,000	Directorate for Education, Science and Culture of ECOWAS Commission			
Support the production and dissemination of best practice guides for adapting education and vocational training systems	100,000				
Support the organisation of regional seminars of Ministries of Education and Technical and Vocational Education to raise awareness and exchange on the integration of climate issues in education systems	250,000		Directorate of Environment of ECOWAS Commission		
Support the development of training programmes on climate change education, preparedness and response to climate-related disasters in the education systems of member states	100,000		Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms CILSS/Agrhymet WASCAL ENDA Energie		
Support specialised regional institutions and centres of excellence in the field of innovation and climate technology transfer, including endogenous solutions	1,000,000				
Support the organisation of regional forums on scientific knowledge on climate change and disaster risk prevention and management	250,000				
Supporting climate skills programmes for young people and promoting climate skills as a new opportunity for employment in low-carbon and climate-resilient jobs	300,000				
Support the development of research programmes on climate change and disaster risk prevention and management	300,000				

ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	STAKEHOLDERS
Support the development of an environmental culture focused on climate change	100,000		
Promote awareness among the general public with dedicated gender-disaggregated tools	100,000		
GENDER PROMOTION			
Inform, educate and raise awareness on vulnerability to climate change and adaptation strategies in the sectors of agriculture, water, health, energy, migration, DRM, etc.	100,000	ECOWAS Gender Development Centre	Sectoral Directorates of the ECOWAS Commission Directorate of Environment of ECOWAS Commission Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points) Regional platforms/umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms
Build capacity for leadership and gender mainstreaming in decision-making bodies dealing with environmental issues and in particular climate change	100,000		
Mainstreaming gender in climate change policies, strategies and plans	100,000		
Undertake monitoring and evaluation actions in terms of gender data collection and analysis and reporting to other stakeholders	100,000		
ECOWAS COMMISSION CSR POLICY			
Elaborate and implement the CSR policy of ECOWAS Commission	676,000	ECOWAS Commission	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission All Commission departments
Establish a governance process for the definition of the CSR policy: steering committee	72,000		
Implementing quick win actions during the formulation of the Commission's CSR	100,000		
Develop tools to assess the Commission's carbon footprint	45,000		Presidency and Vice-Presidency
Designing and organising awareness-raising and training sessions within the Commission	480,000		

ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	STAKEHOLDERS	
THE CLIMATE UNIT: SUPPORTING CLIMATE MAINSTREAMING WITHIN SECTORAL MANDATES OF THE COMMISSION				
Establish and operationalise the climate operational unit within the Environment Directorate	2,692,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	Department in charge of	
Develop climate mainstreaming tools for the ECOWAS Commission's sectoral and cross-cutting directorates	75,000		Administration All Commission departments	
Develop and deliver training programmes for the sectoral and cross-sectoral directorates of the ECOWAS Commission	745,000		Presidency and Vice-Presidency	
CROSS-CUTTING POLICY DIALOGUE WITH MEMBER STATES IN THE FRAMEWORK OF	F THE IMPLEM	ENTATION OF THE	PARIS AGREEMENT	
Operationalize RAG-CLIN	800,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	Members States (climate focal points and relevant sectoral focal points)	
Organise regional preparatory workshops for the UNFCCC COPs	920,000		Regional platforms/umbrellas of civil society organisations and regional private sector platforms	
Create and co-lead platforms and coalitions for capitalisation on the cross-cutting implementation of the Paris Agreement (in relation to carbon markets, loss and damage, etc.) including non-state actors	1,206,000		EBID BOAD	
Develop regional products for knowledge sharing, capitalisation, and harmonised methods and tools on the implementation of the Paris Agreement, including for non-state actors	400,000		CRC Lomé	
Operationalise the annual M&E of climate finance needs and flows from multilateral and bilateral sources	1,120,000		UEMOA West African Alliance for Carbon Markets and Climate Finance	
Encourage EBID to harmonise its intervention framework with the ECOWAS RCS	100,000		Climate Commission for the Sahel Region	
Implement capacity building actions for national actors, including non-state actors, to monitor flows, in line with the requirements of the transparency framework of the Paris Agreement	2,000,000		Other regional stakeholders including technical and financial partners	

ACTIONS	ESTIMATED BUDGET USD	RESPONSIBLE	STAKEHOLDERS
Develop a facility for project preparation and access to climate finance: mobilisation of expertise to respond to requests from MS for project formulation and accreditation	8,000,000	Directorate of Environment and Natural Resources (DERN) of ECOWAS Commission	
Implement capacity building actions for national actors, including non-state actors, on access to climate funds	2,000,000		

Total US\$ 31,286,000



